

Dystrophy

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What is Muscular Dystrophy?

- Group of genetic degenerative diseases affecting voluntary muscles
- They cause muscles to become gradually weaker
- There are more than 30 types of the disease
- Duchenne muscular dystrophy is the most widespread
- It affects 1 out of every 3,500 baby boys
- Primarily effects boys, but girls can be carriers and show no symptoms

Causes

- Because it is a genetic disease, babies are born with it
- An absence of dystrophin, a protein that helps keep muscle cells intact
- Onset early childhood about 2 to 6 years
- It often occurs in people without a known family history of the condition.

Belly sticks out due to

Treatment

- No cure
- Therapies
- Medications
- Contractures
- Spinal Fusion
- Ventilation







Effects on the Child

- Child appears normally functioning at first
- Muscle weakness, progressive difficulty walking and by age 12, most patients are confined to a wheelchair
- Subtle and complex cognitive and behavioral deficits, or learning disabilities
- Dependent on others
- Depression

What to do as a Teacher

- A supportive relationship with the teacher can allow discussion of feelings in a non-threatening environment.
- Open communication with family
- Often are absent to receive care for their disease
- Should have IEP



Physical Education Class

- Child may use braces, manual wheelchair, or a motorized wheelchair
 - Become tired easily
- In P.E. class use modified games, Ex/ have a student push the child in a wheelchair and have another student bat for the child
- Avoid activities that can't be done
- Allow student to suggest ways of participating







More Information

- Muscular Dystrophy Association
 - ~ www.mda.org
- Crotched Mountain Greenfield, NH
 - ~Accessible Trail System
 - ~Aquatic Therapies
- MDA Manchester, NH
- MD Family Foundation
 - ~www.mdff.org
- Cureduchenne.org
- http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l2f2avqISWk

